

Industrial automation

Test and measurement solutions for enclosure equipment

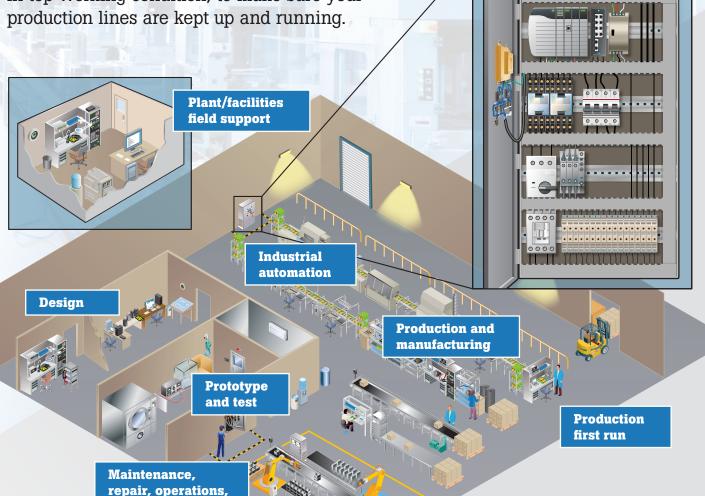
Here's how your maintenance teams can avoid costly production stoppages. See how Fluke test tools can help you to easily monitor and assess the health of your equipment to keep the contents of your panel enclosure in top working condition, to make sure your production lines are kept up and running.

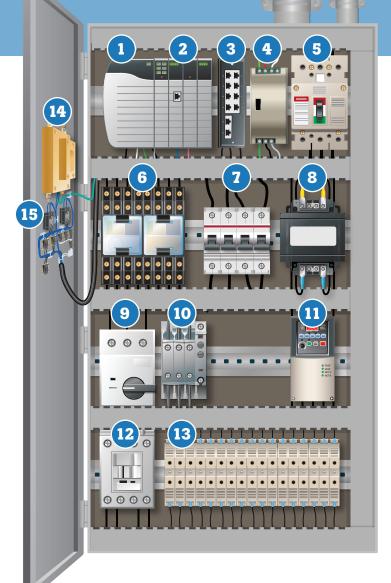
or industrial



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PLC – Power supply side + processor:

Pain: Need to verify proper input power to PLC unit to startup/troubleshoot code with

laptop

Solution: 289, 87V DMM's or a meter like a 1587

Insulation resistance/DMM tool, that will look at proper volt/ohm/amp readings and perform VFD output tests or wire/winding

insulation test

Pain: Without bus health, inconsistent communi-

cation, errors, and missing/incorrect data

Solution: Diagnose communication health between

nodes for AS-i, CAN, Interbus S, Modbus, Foundation Fieldbus, and Profibus devices

2. PLC Input/output modules:

Measure without breaking the control Pain:

loop or taking the sensor, process, or

system offline

Solution: Read and/or source analog, digital, or

power signals for troubleshooting and

calibration

Wireless Ethernet Switch:

Pain: Low power, blown fuse, or circuit breaker

stops or creates unstable communication

Solution: Validate power using the Infrared Camera on the 279FC and verify voltage and/or continuity from power supply to the terminal block through the fuse to the switch using the digital multimeter

Power Supplies:

Unstable, poor voltage may create transmitter signal errors and loss production time

Solution: View heat distribution to and around the

power supply while logging and recording data with Fluke Connect enabled products

to communicate condition

5. Main Circuit Breaker:

Improper incoming power or power quality Pain: issues can create issues throughout panel

> and to devices outside the panel that can cause faults, tripping or lessened life

Solution: Clamp or DMM to measure Volts, Amps, Freq for standard power parameters and 3 phase

Power Quality analyzers to determine if incoming power to the panel has quality loss that can lead to downtime and early component failures such as AC motors,

VFD's, etc.

6. Relays (ice cube or other):

Pain: Not working properly, this can cause a field

device to stop working or you can lose your redundant backup to a critical tag that can

cause downtime

Solution: Identify hot spots due to corrosion, under/ over torqued screws, etc. that will show

up as additional heat that will easily be detected by the right thermal imager

Circuit breakers and fuses:

Pain: Blown fuses or tripping breakers shut systems down and can cause quality issues &

lost production

Solution: A thermal image of these components can

quickly show if failure is soon or a poor connection causing a variety of intermittent issues such as tripping and a clamp or DMM can give you the basic measurements to as-

sist in the assessment

8. Transformer:

Pain: Improper volts/amps on the primary and secondary side can cause you to lose power

and damage other devices or shut down

Solution: Measurements confirming step up/down volts/amps between primary and second-

ary side determine if your transformers are

working properly

Motor Starters sometimes soft starts:

Pain: AC/DC motors can prematurely fail due to excessive inrush current on startup and can kick back and damage all components in

line with them.

Solution: Check inrush current with clamp or with PQ analyzer to determine working properly

or good connections (DMM or Clamp) or potential quantifiable issue with unbalance, harmonics, single phasing with 438

PQ Meter



10. Overload Relay:

Downtime - tripping relays can stop the Pain:

process due to unbalance or overload

Solution: record measurements over time with PQ

or clamp that record to understand if it's inrush (clamp or PQ) or if it's power quality due to unbalanced load, harmonics, etc.

11. VFD:

Tripping drives, throwing error codes, un-Pain:

due wear on industrial motors, VFD output reflections, power and cabling issues, high voltage spikes, high noise levels, etc., all

cause downtime

Solution: Measure 50/60 Hz drive input power and simply let the 3 phase PQ analyzer show

you what's going on and then use the 4 channel scopemeter for the higher frequency output power and compare to the baseline measurements you have to get down to root cause, check power wiring and motor windings insulation integrity (1587, 155x

depending on motor voltage size)

12. Contactor:

Pain: Degradation of controlled power via voltage

and current reduces motor life

Solution: Capture key electrical parameters to

compare with motor nameplate - Voltage, current, power, power factor with 50/60 Hz applications using PQ Analyzers

13. Terminal Blocks:

Pain: Over/under-torqued conductors/loose

strands generate high resistance, heat,

and signal loss

Solution: Quickly identify hot spots to help isolate where an issue is or might be soon and

use DMM for standard testing and trouble-

shooting

14. HMI (Human Machine Interface):

Pain: Over/under-torqued conductors/loose

strands generate high resistance, heat,

and signal loss

Solution: Quickly identify hot spots to help isolate where an issue is or might be soon and

use DMM for standard testing and trouble-

shooting

15. Panel Switches & buttons:

Pain: Over/under-torqued conductors/loose

strands generate high resistance, heat, and

signal loss

Solution: Quickly identify hot spots to help isolate

where an issue is or might be soon and use DMM for standard testing and trouble-

shooting



16. Digital Process Display:

Incorrect process control signal in loop Pain:

can lead to process inconsistency or

poor quality

Solution: Process Calibration and Troubleshooting

tools such as 789 to source, simulate or measure process parameters to determine if out of calibration, faulty equipment, wiring, power supply, etc., in the control loop. Use the 773 to measure the 4-20mA signal without breaking the loop and use the 754 to calibrate and document the results to maintain proper consistency with process

17. Single Loop Controller:

Incorrect process control signal in loop can Pain:

lead to process inconsistency or poor quality

Solution: Process pressure or temperature Calibration

to validate equipment is giving repeatable data showing proper process conditions to stay competitive in the marketplace. As found test shows current condition and calibrator then allows you to calibrate to your facilities standards and automatically

document the results.

18. E-Stop or Emergency Stop:

Pain: Over/under-torqued conductors/loose

strands generate high resistance, heat, and

signal loss

Solution: Quickly identify hot spots to help isolate

where an issue is or might be soon and use DMM for standard testing and trouble-

shooting

Enclosures:

Pain: Floating voltages, overvoltage or overcur-

rent protection may cause faults, incorrect

readings or safety issues

Solution: Verify proper ground to meet safety and

compliance

Tips:

Proper grounding and bonding for all electrical and industrial electronics is key to reducing the likelihood of intermittent issues and ground faults for the panel and your overall facility. All panel doors must also be grounded to the rest of the panel enclosure. Make sure you have proper earth ground testing done annually

Transmitters/transducers are common components that are powered by these panels and only require grounding on one side of them to reduce the likelihood of "ground loops". Typically they are all grounded at the transmitter, however, check with your facility to verify.



789 Process Meter with Hart

All areas



771, 772, 773 Milliamp Process Clamp Meters

2, 10, 16, 17



125 and 190 Scopemeters

All areas



754 process calibrator

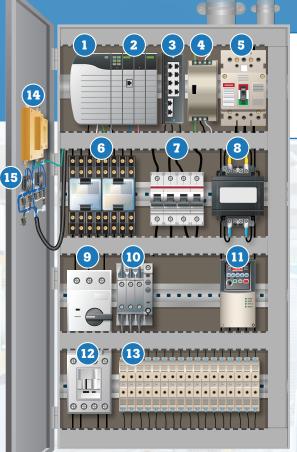
2, 16, 17



Ti450 PRO

All areas except 2

- PLC Power Supply Side & Processor
- 2 PLC Input/output modules
- 3 Wireless Ethernet Switch
- 4 Power Supplies
- 5 Main Circuit Breaker
- 6 Relays (ice cube or other)
- 7 Circuit breakers and fuses
- 8 Transformer
- 9 Motor starters sometimes soft start
- 10 Overload relay
- 11 VFD
- 12 Contactor
- 13 Terminal Blocks
- 14 Human machine interface (HMI)
- Panel switches and buttons
- 16 Digital process display
- 17 Single loop controller
- 18 Emergency Stop (E-stop)



Inside the panel



Front panel

Enclosures grounding strip (Not shown):

162X series Earth ground testers or 1630 Earth Ground clamp

(289, 87V) 1587 Insulation resistance/ DMM



All areas

279 FC Thermal DMM

All areas



19998

174X Power Loggers

5, 7, 9, 10, input to 11, 12



438 PQ Analyzer

All except the output of 11



MDA-510 and MDA-550 Motor Drive Analyzers

All areas



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